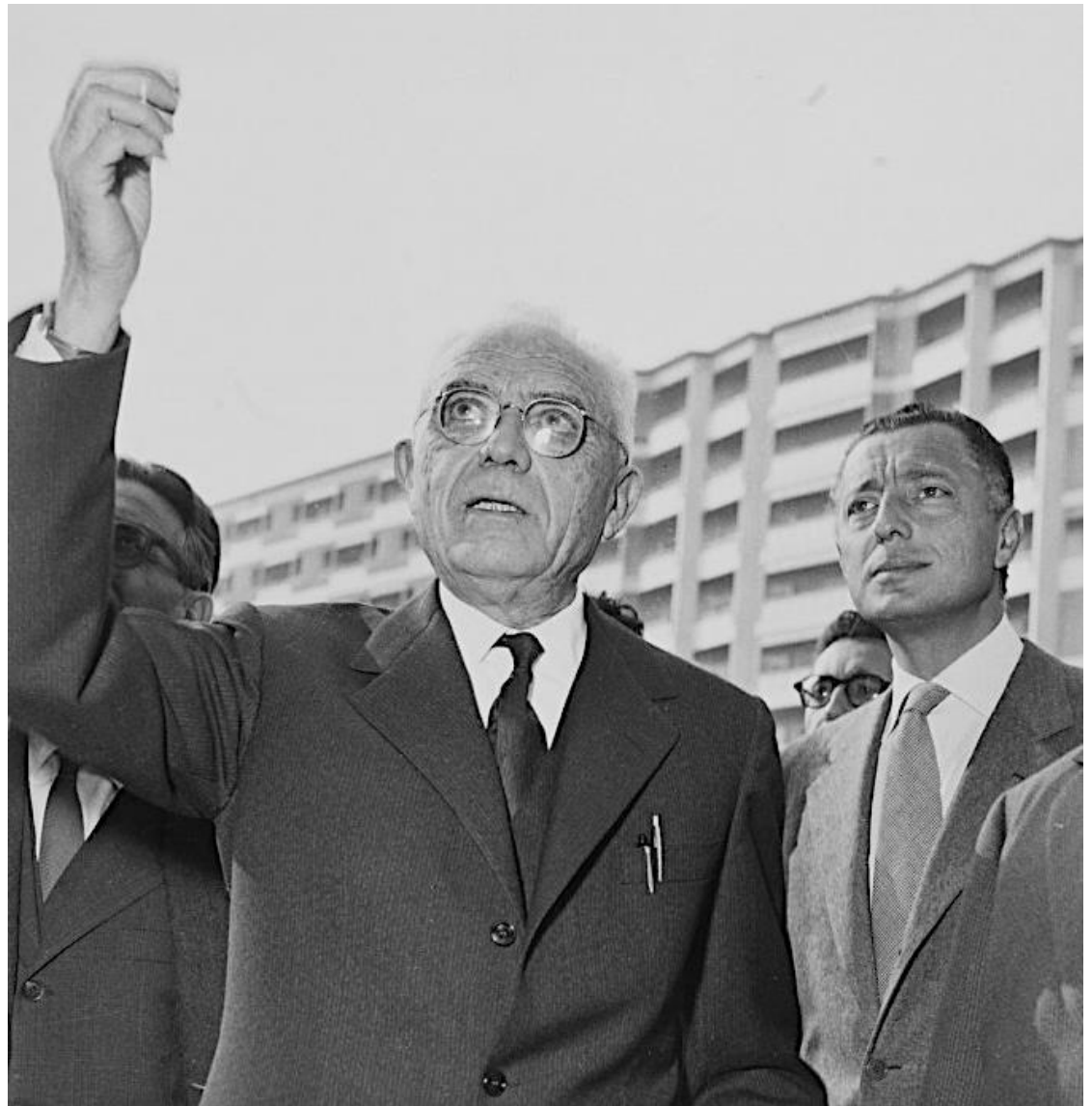


ark

Kristo Vesikansa
Päätoimittaja, Arkkitehti-lehti
Arkkitehti SAFA



PIER LUIGI NERVI – betonin mestari

Pier Luigi Nervi 1891–1979

- **Syntyi Sondriossa Pohjois-Italiassa**
- **Valmistui insinööriksi Bolognan yliopistosta 1913**
- **Perusti oman yrityksen Società per costruzioni Ing. Nervi e Nebbiosi 1923, vuodesta 1932 Nervi e Bartoli**
- **Professori Sapienزان yliopistossa Roomassa 1946–1961**



Stadio Giovanni Berta, Firenze 1932



Gattin villatehdas, Rooma | 1953



Torinon näyttelyhalli, 1950



Pirellin tornitalo, Milano 1959 (arkkit. Gio Ponti)



Palazzo dello Sport, Rooma 1960 (arkkit. Marcello Piacentini)



Unescon päämaja, Pariisi 1958 (arkkit. Marcel Breuer ja Bernard Zehrffuss)



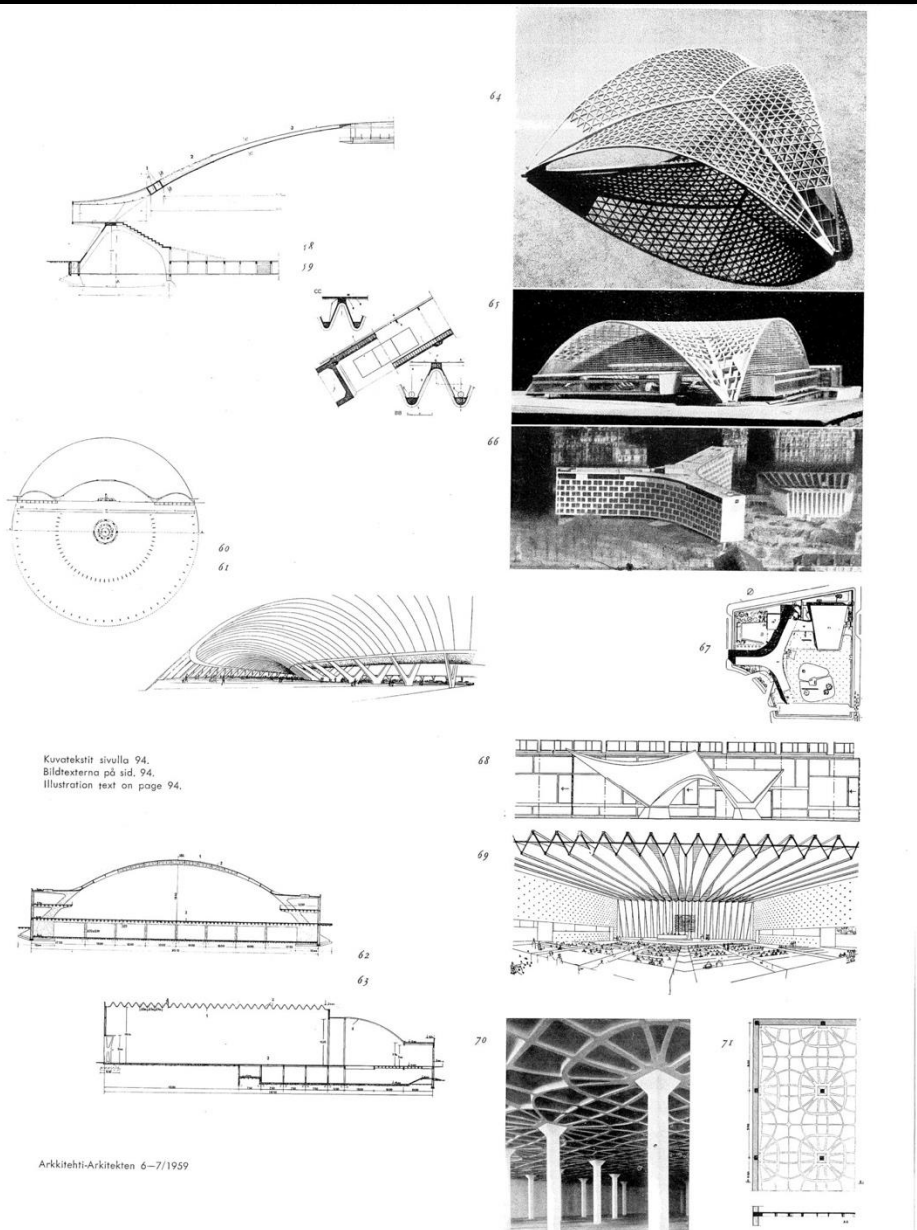
George Washington Bridgen linja-autoasema, New York 1963



**Australia Square -tornitalo, Sydney
1967 (arkkit. Harry Seidler)**



Pyhän Marian katedraali, San Francisco 1971 (arkkit. Pietro Belluschi)



PIER LUIGI NERVI



A black and white photograph of Pier Luigi Nervi standing in the center of the frame. He is wearing a dark overcoat, a hat, and glasses. He is positioned under a massive concrete bridge structure with thick, angled columns and beams. The sky is visible through the opening of the bridge. The overall mood is one of architectural grandeur and human scale.

PIER LUIGI NERVI

Architecture as Challenge

SilvanaEditoriale

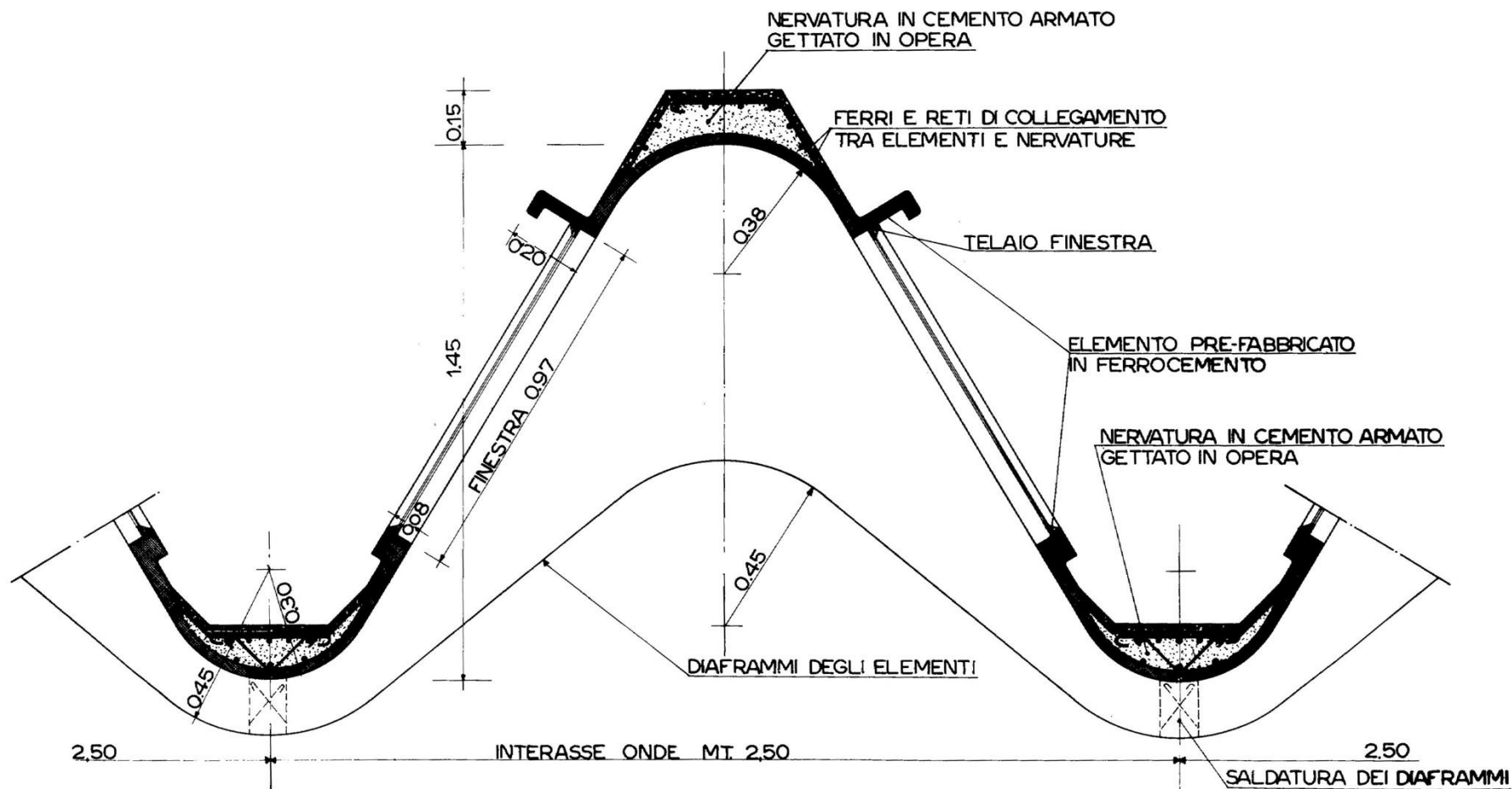


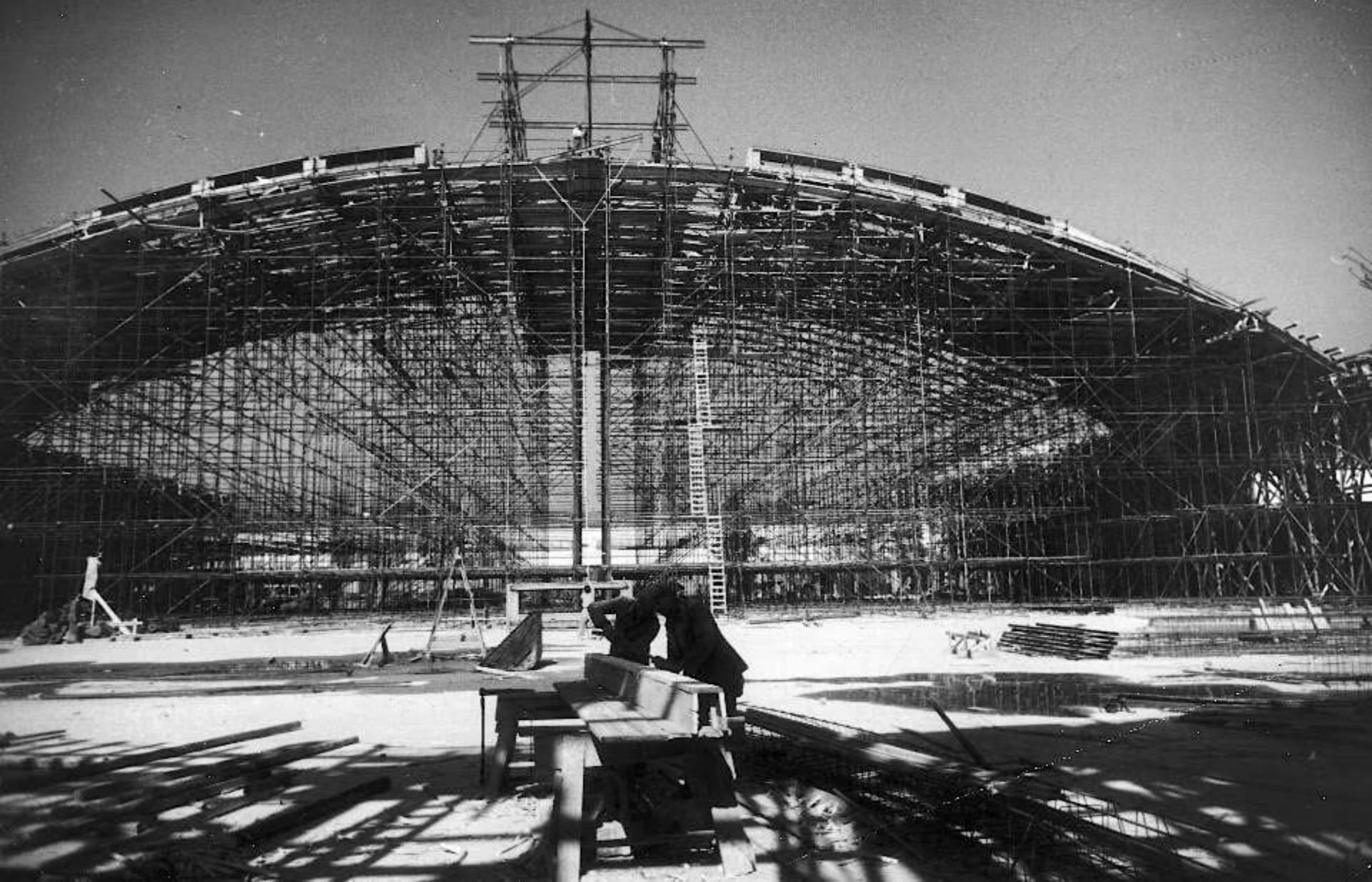


Lentokonehangaari, Orvieto 1936



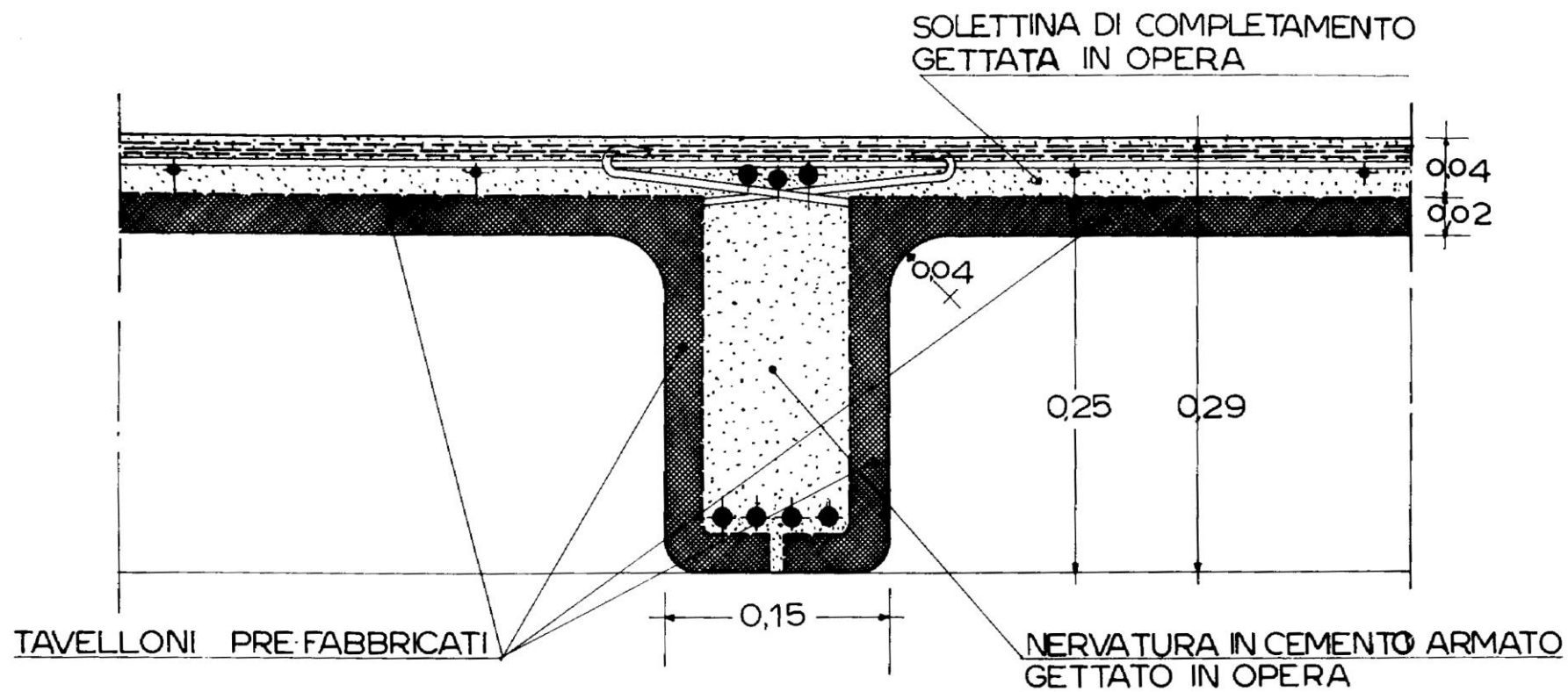
Lentokonehangaari, Orbetello 1942











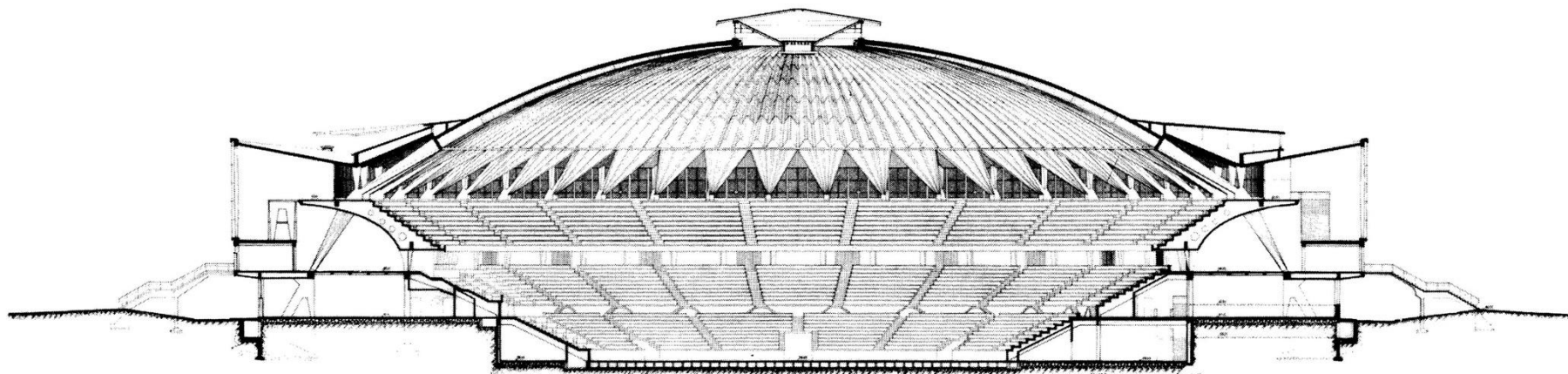




Palazzetto dello Sport, Roma 1957 (arkkit. Annibale Vitellozzi)



Palazzo dello Sport, Roma 1960 (arkkit. Marcello Piacentini)





**Arup, Mario Cucinella Architects ja Cupelloni Architettura:
Stadio Artemio Franchin uudistus, Firenze 2022–**



Archea Associati: Stadio Flaminio uudistus, Rooma 2025



Palazzo del Lavoro, Torino 1961 (arkkit. Gio Ponti ja Gino Covre)



Rafael Moneo ja Isola Architetti: Torinon pääkirjasto, 2017–



isolaarchitetti